

Work Done and Energy Transfer

Mark Scheme 1

Level	GCSE (9-1)
Subject	Combined Science: Trilogy - Physics
Exam Board	AQA
Topic	6.5 Forces
Sub-Topic	Work Done and Energy Transfer
Difficulty Level	Gold Level
Booklet	Mark Scheme 1

Time Allowed: 57 minutes

Score: /57

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

M1.(a)	(i)	100 (m)	1
	(ii)	stationary	1
	(iii)	accelerating	1
	(iv)	tangent drawn at $t = 45$ s	1
		<i>attempt to determine slope</i>	1
		speed in the range $3.2 - 4.2$ (m / s) <i>dependent on 1st marking point</i>	1
(b)	(i)	500 000 (J) <i>ignore negative sign</i>	1
	(ii)	20 000 (N) <i>ignore negative sign</i> <i>allow 1 mark for correct substitution, ie</i> $500\,000 = F \times 25$ <i>or their part (b)(i) = $F \times 25$</i> <i>provided no subsequent step</i>	2

(iii) (kinetic) energy transferred by heating

1

to the brakes

ignore references to sound energy

if no other marks scored allow k.e. decreases for 1 mark

1

[11]

M2.(a) (i) distance vehicle travels during driver's reaction time

accept distance vehicle travels while driver reacts

1

(ii) any **two** from:

- tiredness
- (drinking) alcohol
- (taking) drugs
- speed
- age

accept as an alternative factor distractions, eg using a mobile phone

2

(b) (i) 320 000

*allow 1 mark for correct substitution, ie $\frac{1}{2} \times 1600 \times 20^2$
provided no subsequent step shown*

2

(ii) 320000 **or** their (b)(i)

1

(iii) 40

or

their (b)(ii)

8000 correctly calculated

allow **1** mark for statement work done = KE lost

or

allow **1** mark for correct substitution, ie

$8000 \times \text{distance} = 320\,000$ **or** their (b)(ii)

2

(iv) any **one** from:

- icy / wet roads
accept weather conditions
- (worn) tyres
- road surface
- mass (of car and passengers)
accept number of passengers
- (efficiency / condition of the) brakes

1

(v) (work done by) friction
(between brakes and wheel)

do **not** accept friction between road and tyres / wheels

1

(causes) decrease in KE and increase in thermal energy

accept heat for thermal energy accept

KE transferred to thermal energy

1

(c) the battery needs recharging less often

accept car for battery

1

or increases the range of the car

accept less demand for other fuels or lower emissions or

lower fuel costs
environmentally friendly is insufficient

as the efficiency of the car is increased
accept it is energy efficient

1

the decrease in (kinetic) energy / work done charges the battery (up)
accept because not all work done / (kinetic) energy is wasted

1

[14]

M3. (a) (i) (connect) 30 (cells)

1

in series

1

(ii) current always flows in the same direction **or** current only flows one way

1

(iii) 36 000

allow 1 mark for correctly converting 2 hours to 7200 seconds

answers 10 or 600 score 1 mark

2

coulombs / C

*do **not** accept c*

1

(b) (i) 2160

allow **1** mark for correct substitution, ie $\frac{1}{2} \times 120 \times 6^2$
answers of 1620 or 540 score **1** mark

2

(ii) reduce it

1

any **one** from:

- draws a larger current (from battery)
- motor draws greater power (from battery)
accept energy per second for power
accept more energy needed to move the bicycle
- greater resistance force (to motion) / air resistance / drag / friction
accept less streamlined
more mass to carry is insufficient

1

[10]

M4. (a) 47250

answers of 1350/ 33750/ 48600 gain **1** mark
allow **1** mark for correct substitution using both 18 and 3

2

(b) (i) 47250 or their (a)

accept statement 'same as the KE (lost)'
ignore any units

1

(ii) transformed into heat/ thermal energy

sound on its own is insufficient
accept transferred/ lost/ for transformed
do **not** accept any other form of energy included as a list

1

[4]

- M5.** (a) (i) a single force that has the same effect as all the forces combined
accept all the forces added / the sum of the forces / overall
force 1
- (ii) constant speed (in a straight line)
do **not** accept stationary
or constant velocity 1
- (b) 3
allow 1 mark for correct substitution into transformed
equation
accept answer 0.003 gains 1 mark
answer = 0.75 gains 1 mark 2
- m/s^2 1
- (c) as speed increases air resistance increases
accept drag / friction for air resistance 1
- reducing the resultant force 1
- [7]

- M6.** (a) concentration / tiredness / drugs / alcohol
accept any reasonable factor that could affect a driver's

reactions

do **not** accept speed or any physical condition unrelated to the driver

1

(b) 31.25

credit for 1 mark correct attempt to calculate the area under the slope **or** for using the equation

distance = average velocity (speed) \times time

credit for 1 mark use of correct velocity change (12.5) and correct time (5) **or** answer of 62.5

3

(c) 2.5

credit for 1 mark triangle drawn on slope **or** correct equation **or** two correct pairs of coordinates

credit for 1 mark use of correct velocity change (12.5) and correct time (5)

accept time = between 4.8 and 5.2 if used in (b)

do not accept an attempt using one pair of coordinates taken from the slope

3

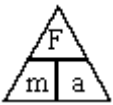
metres / second / second **or** metres / second / squared **or** m/s^2 **or** ms^{-2}

1

(d) (i) force = mass \times acceleration

accept correct transformation

accept $F = m \times a$

accept  provided subsequent use of Δ is correct

do **not** accept an equation in units

1

(ii) 2250

credit their (c) \times 900 for 2 marks

credit 1 mark for correct substitution

2

[11]